WHOにおけるNCDs議論

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Fact1: NCDs accounts for 63% of all deaths



Noncommunicable diseases (NCDs), primarily cardiovascular diseases, cancers, chronic respiratory diseases and diabetes, are responsible for 63% of all deaths worldwide (36 million out 57 million global deaths).

Fact2: 80% of NCDs deaths occur in low- and middle-income countries.



Fact3: More than nine million of all deaths attributed to noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) occur before the age of 60.





Fact4: Around the world, NCDs affect women and men almost equally.



Fact5: NCDs are largely preventable by means of effective interventions that tackle shared risk factors, namely: tobacco use, unhealthy diet, physical inactivity and harmful use of alcohol.



Fact6: NCDs are not only a health problem but a development challenge as well.

They force many people into, or entrench them in poverty due to catastrophic expenditures for treatment. Fact7: One and a half billion adults, 20 and older, were overweight in 2008.



Fact8: Nearly 43 million children under five years old were overweight in 2010.



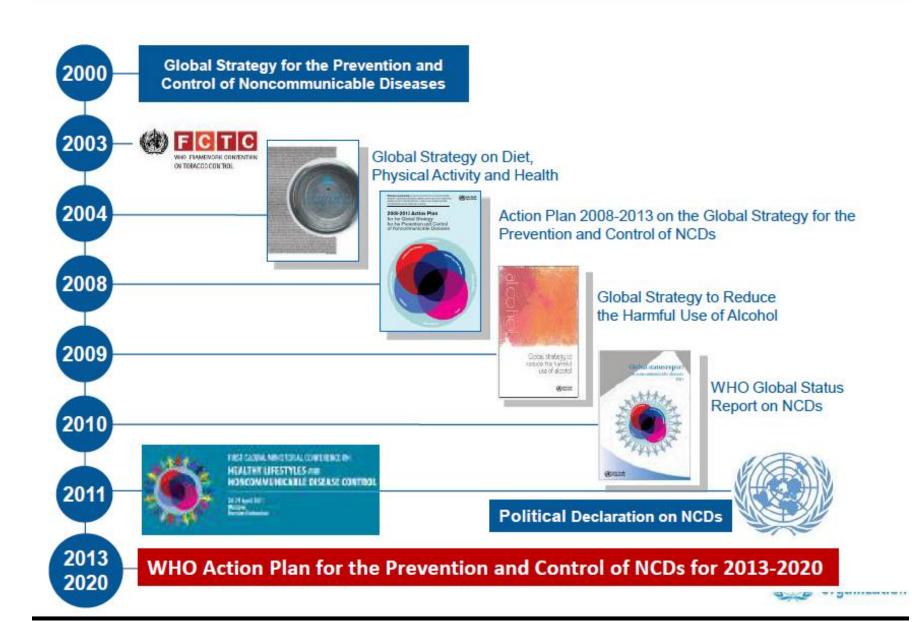


Fact9: Tobacco use kills nearly six million people a year.

Fact10: Eliminating major risks could prevent most NCDs.



WHO's global road map on NCDs

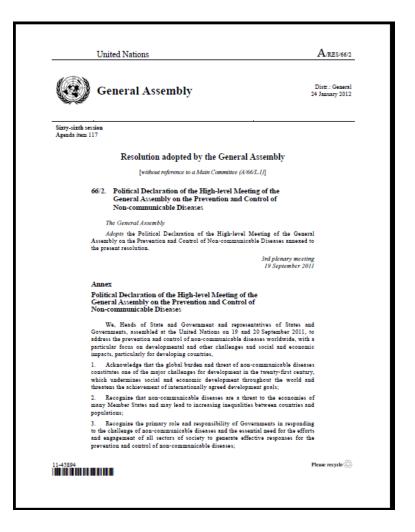


UN high-level meeting on NCDs prevention and control

Data: 19-20, Sep, 2011

Place: New York, USA

 今後国際社会がNCDsの予防と 管理のために取り組むべきこ とが記載されている(合計65パラグラフ)→ 国際社会のNCDs 対策の中核的存在



Workstreams established by WHO



Technical assistance to developing countries to support national efforts



Exercise WHO's leadership and coordination role in relation to UN Agencies



Develop a global monitoring framework and voluntary global targets for NCDs



Articulate options for multisectoral action for the prevention and control of NCDs through effective partnership



Develop an updated global action plan for the development and control of NCDs (2013-2020)



WHO-wide work plan 2012-2013 on NCDs



Comprehensive global monitoring framework

- ・国連政治宣言にて策定が決定
- 2012年の間に加盟国の意見を取りまとめ、来 年5月の第66回WHO総会で採択予定。
- ・また、2012年9月の国連総会に報告予定。
- 過去複数回の加盟国との協議(webconsultation含む)を経て、2012年11月上旬に 開催された加盟国会合で大筋合意。

Global Monitoring Framework and Indicators for NCDs





Outcomes

Cancer incidence by type

 Mortality between ages 30 – 70 due to CVD, cancer, diabetes, or CRD



es Exp

- · Adult alcohol per capita consumption
- · Heavy drinking occasions
- Insufficient physical activity
- Low fruit and vegetable consumption
- Overweight/obesity
- Raised blood glucose/diabetes
- · Raised blood pressure
- Raised total cholesterol
- Salt/sodium intake
- Tobacco smoking



response

ealth systems

· Access to palliative care

- · Availability of basic diagnostics and medicines
- Cervical cancer screening
- Multidrug therapy for CVD risk reduction
- Policies to eliminate trans fats
- · Policies to reduce marketing of unhealthy foods to children
- Vaccination for Hepatitis B
- Vaccination for HPV

* All indicators should be disaggregated by gender, age, socioeconomic position, and other relevant stratifies



11 voluntary global targets presented in the revised WHO Discussion Paper



Premature mortality from NCDs 25% reduction

Raised blood pressure 25%

Tobacco smoking 30%

Salt/ sodium intake 30%

Physical inactivity 10%

Obesity 0%

Fat intake 15% Alcohol 10% Raised cholesterol 20%

Generic medicines and technologies 80% Drug therapy and counselling 50%

- Target adopted by the World Health Assembly
- Targets with wide support Targets with support for further development

Development of a WHO global action plan for the prevention and control of NCDs

- 第1回web-consultation; 7月26日~9月7日
- 第1回informal consultation; 8月16-17日
- 第2回informal consultation; 11月1日
- その他、NGO等とのconsultationも実施
- Global monitoring frameworkの大筋合意により、今 後作業が進む予定

"Zero Draft" Global NCD Action Plan 2013-2020 Vision, goal and overarching principles

Vision:

To reduce the avoidable global NCD burden and its impact so that people can reach the highest achievable levels of health and productivity

Overarching principles				
Human	Universal	Life-course	Evidence-based	· .
rights	coverage and equity	approach	practice	of people

Goal:

To reduce the burden of avoidable morbidity, disability and premature mortality due to NCDs

Overarching global target:

For discussion



ご清聴ありがとうございました